



*Old Dominion University
Financial Statements*

June 30, 2015

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

(Unaudited)

Old Dominion University is a comprehensive, multicultural, and student-centered doctoral research university whose central mission is to provide students with the best education possible. The University's seven colleges--Arts and Letters, Business, Continuing Education and Professional Development, Education, Engineering and Technology, Health Sciences and Sciences--offer 70 baccalaureate programs, 54 master's programs, two education specialist programs, 42 doctoral programs and an award-winning distance learning program. The University provides a world-class education to more than 24,800 undergraduate and graduate students from all 50 states and 105 countries and has a strong global network of 127,000 alumni.

The University's local, regional and national impact continues to grow. Our entrepreneurial approach drives research and collaboration, and as measured by the Virginia Business Higher Education Council, the University contributes \$2.1 billion annually to the Hampton Roads economy. Old Dominion University is one of the largest generators of new jobs in the region. Not only do we educate the workforce of tomorrow, but Old Dominion University's Veterans Business Outreach Center is taking a leading role in training veteran entrepreneurs and retaining veteran-owned small business enterprises in our region. The University is also committed to providing research-driven solutions. Our world-class researchers partner with business, industry, government and investment leaders to create answers for society's most pressing challenges. Old Dominion University has made great strides in advancing research and innovation, including our internationally renowned areas of strength in modeling and simulation, bioelectrics, maritime, ports and logistics, nanotechnologies, sea level rise and alternative energies. Currently we are working on more than 400 projects at our 26 research centers across the state. These initiatives, such as Old Dominion's modeling and simulation, not only fill a vital need in the workforce, but they are propelling job creation and economic growth by tying in nicely into regional strengths—federal labs, the port, military, Chesapeake Bay and health care.

As an agency of the Commonwealth of Virginia, Old Dominion is included as a component unit in the Commonwealth of Virginia's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. The 17 members of Old Dominion University's Board of Visitors, whom are appointed by the Governor of Virginia, govern University operations.

Overview of the Financial Statements and Financial Analysis

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is required supplemental information under the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) reporting model. It is designed to assist readers in understanding the accompanying financial statements and provides an objective, easily readable analysis of Old Dominion University's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, and conditions. This discussion includes an analysis of the University's financial condition and results of operations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Note that although the University's foundations, identified as component units under GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus – An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*, are reported in the financial statements, they are excluded from this MD&A, except where specifically noted. Comparative numbers, where presented, are for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. Since this presentation includes highly summarized data, it should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements, Notes to the Financial Statements, and other supplemental information. University management is responsible for all of the financial information presented, including this discussion and analysis.

The three basic financial statements are the Statement of Net Position (balance sheet), the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position (operating statement), and the Statement of Cash Flows. The following analysis discusses elements from each of these statements, as well as an overview of the University's activities.

Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position presents the University's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows and net position as of the end of the fiscal year. The purpose of this statement is to present to the financial statement readers a snapshot of the University's financial position at year-end. From the data presented, readers of the Statement of Net Position are able to determine the assets available to continue the University's operations. It also allows readers to determine how much the University owes vendors and creditors.

Net position is divided into three major categories. The first category, net investment in capital assets, depicts the University's equity in property, plant, and equipment owned by the University. The next category is restricted which is divided into two categories in the financial statements, nonexpendable and expendable. Restricted nonexpendable net position consists solely of the University's permanent endowment funds and is only available for investment purposes. Expendable restricted net position is available for expenditure by the institution but must be spent for purposes as determined by donors and/or external entities that have placed time or purpose restrictions on them. The final category is unrestricted net position which is available to the institution for any lawful purpose of the institution.

Condensed Summary of Net Position

(amounts in thousands)

	Year Ended June 30, 2015	2014	Increase / (Decrease)	Percent Change
<u>Assets and deferred outflows:</u>				
Current	\$ 122,916	\$ 111,968	\$ 10,948	9.8 %
Capital, net of accumulated depreciation	588,289	577,263	11,026	1.9 %
Other noncurrent	71,760	42,079	29,681	70.5 %
Deferred outflows of resources	22,293	4,297	17,996	418.8 %
Total assets & deferred outflows	<u>805,258</u>	<u>735,607</u>	<u>69,651</u>	<u>9.5 %</u>
<u>Liabilities and deferred inflows:</u>				
Current	74,501	73,095	1,406	1.9 %
Noncurrent	367,606	234,916	132,690	56.5 %
Deferred inflows of resources	20,052	-	20,052	100.0 %
Total liabilities & deferred inflows	<u>462,159</u>	<u>308,011</u>	<u>154,148</u>	<u>50.0 %</u>
<u>Net position:</u>				
Net investment in capital assets	358,060	336,748	21,312	6.3 %
Restricted	29,547	28,390	1,157	4.1 %
Unrestricted	(44,508)	62,458	(106,966)	(171.3)%
Total net position	<u>\$ 343,099</u>	<u>\$ 427,596</u>	<u>\$ (84,497)</u>	<u>(19.8)%</u>

The University's financial position remained strong at the end of fiscal year 2015 with an increase in total assets and deferred outflows of \$69.7 million or 9.5%. The growth in current assets of \$10.9 million or 9.8% was a result of an increase in auxiliary cash and accounts receivable as well as additional monies due from the Commonwealth for reimbursement bond programs. Noncurrent asset growth was due largely to approximately \$28.4 million from bond proceeds. The increase in deferred outflows was a result of issuance and refunding of debt. In addition, there were additional amounts relating to the pension funds as a result of the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, as is explained in footnote 14. Current liabilities increased 1.9% or \$1.4 million due to issuance of new debt and refunding of existing debt. Noncurrent liabilities increased \$132.7 million or 56.5% as result of issuance of new debt and debt refundings for new capital projects, combined with a net pension liability of \$113.0 million required at the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27*. The increase in total assets and deferred outflows of \$69.7 million offset by the increase in total liabilities and deferred inflows of \$154.2 million resulted in an overall decrease in the University's financial position over the prior fiscal year of \$84.5 million or 19.8%. However, the University remained strong even after recording the net pension liability of \$113.0 million. Without the net pension liability, the University's overall financial position increased \$28.5 million which reflects the University's continued investment in facilities and equipment in support of the University's mission as well as prudent management of the University's fiscal resources.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Changes in total net position, as presented on the Statement of Net Position, are based on the activity presented in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. The purpose of the statement is to present the revenues received by the University, both operating and nonoperating, and the expenses paid by the University, operating and nonoperating, and any other revenues, expenses, gains and losses received or spent by the University.

Generally, operating revenues are received for providing goods and services to students and other constituencies of the institution. Operating expenses are those expenses incurred to acquire or produce the goods and services provided in return for the operating revenues and to carry out the University's mission. Salaries and fringe benefits for faculty and staff are the largest type of operating expense.

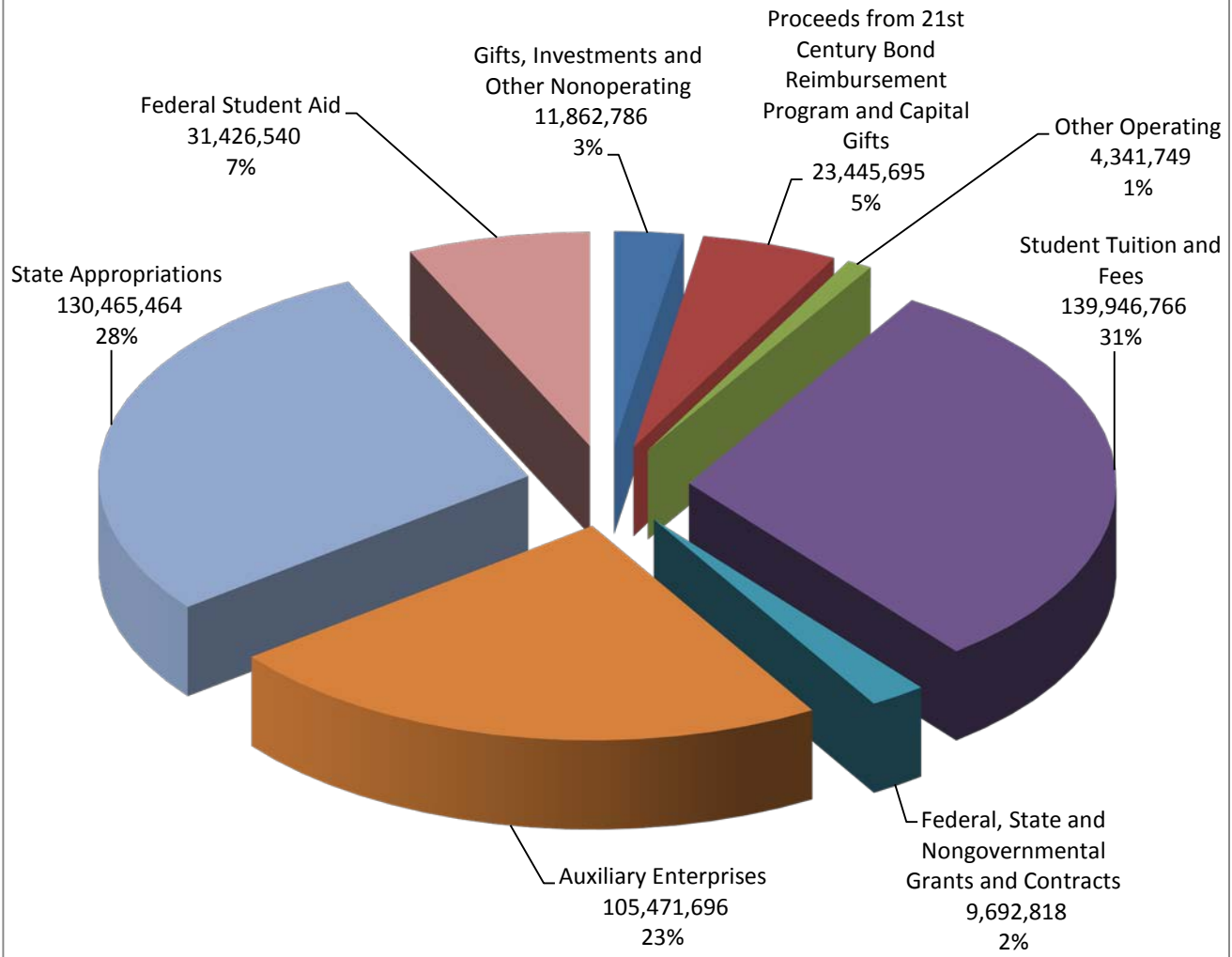
Nonoperating revenues are revenues received for which goods and services are not provided. For example, the University's state appropriations are nonoperating because they are provided by the state legislature without the legislature directly receiving commensurate goods and services for those revenues.

Condensed Summary of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

(amounts in thousands)

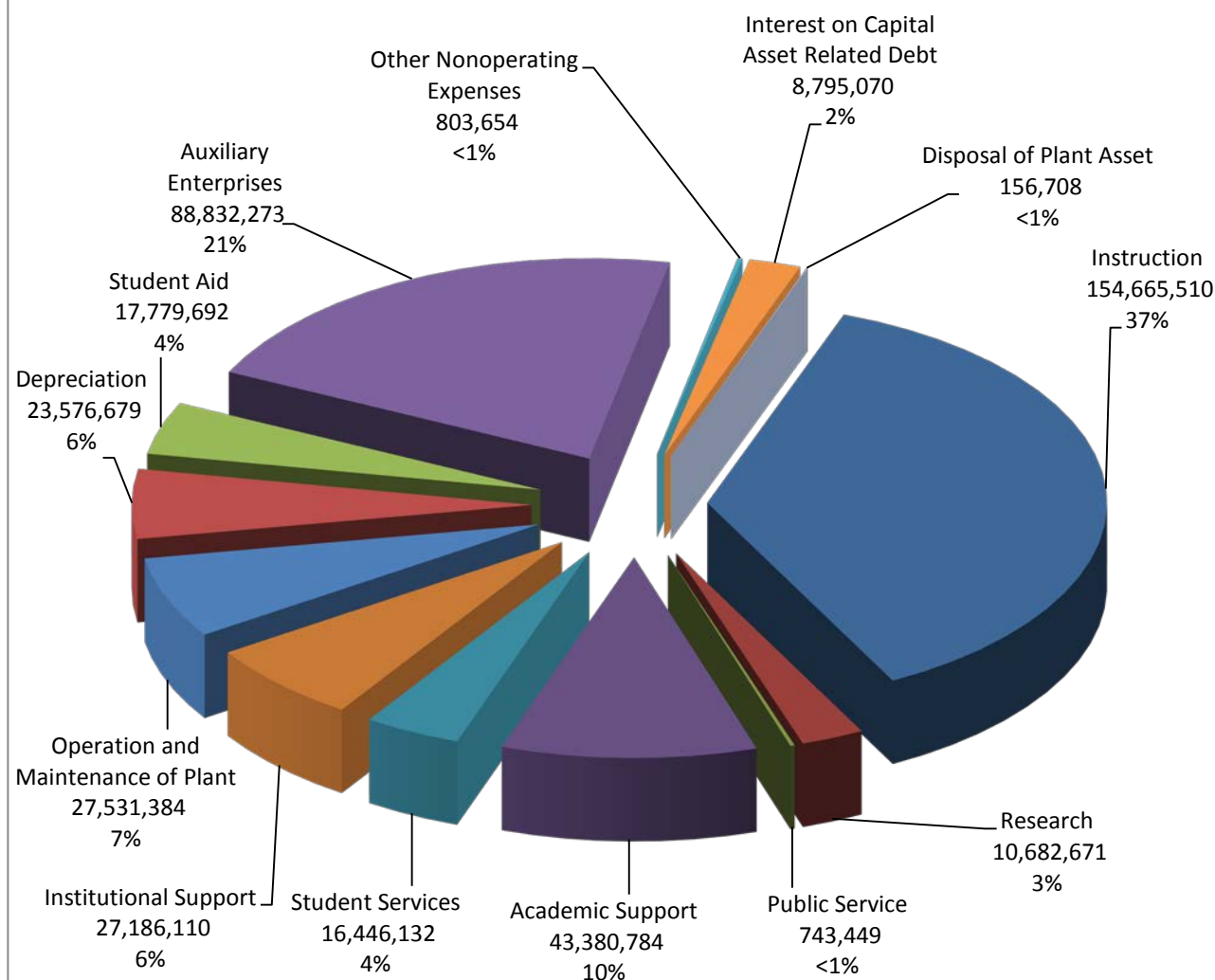
	Year Ended June 30, 2015	2014	Increase / (Decrease)	Percent Change
<u>Operating revenues:</u>				
Student tuition and fees	\$ 139,947	\$ 130,358	\$ 9,589	7.4 %
Federal grants and contracts	6,533	5,039	1,494	29.6 %
State, local & nongovernmental grants	3,159	1,711	1,448	84.6 %
Auxiliary enterprises	105,472	103,690	1,782	1.7 %
Other operating revenues	4,342	4,312	30	0.7 %
Total operating revenues	<u>259,453</u>	<u>245,110</u>	<u>14,343</u>	<u>5.9 %</u>
<u>Operating expenses:</u>				
Instruction	154,666	144,895	9,771	6.7 %
Research	10,683	9,561	1,122	11.7 %
Public service	743	663	80	12.1 %
Academic support	43,381	43,745	(364)	(0.8)%
Student services	16,446	15,614	832	5.3 %
Institutional support	27,186	28,176	(990)	(3.5)%
Operation and maintenance	27,531	26,985	546	2.0 %
Depreciation	23,577	23,008	569	2.5 %
Scholarships and fellowships	17,780	19,077	(1,297)	(6.8)%
Auxiliary activities	88,832	88,834	(2)	(0.0)%
Total operating expenses	<u>410,825</u>	<u>400,558</u>	<u>10,267</u>	<u>2.6 %</u>
Operating loss	<u>(151,372)</u>	<u>(155,448)</u>	<u>4,076</u>	<u>2.6 %</u>
Net nonoperating revenues and expenses	<u>164,480</u>	<u>161,205</u>	<u>3,275</u>	<u>2.0 %</u>
Income before other revenues/ (expenses)/gains/(losses)	<u>13,108</u>	<u>5,757</u>	<u>7,351</u>	<u>127.7 %</u>
Net other revenues and expenses	<u>22,966</u>	<u>34,356</u>	<u>(11,390)</u>	<u>(33.2)%</u>
Increase in net position	<u>36,074</u>	<u>40,113</u>	<u>(4,039)</u>	<u>(10.1)%</u>
Net position - beginning of year	<u>427,596</u>	<u>388,332</u>	<u>39,264</u>	<u>10.1 %</u>
Net effect of change (Note 2)	<u>(120,571)</u>	<u>(849)</u>	<u>(119,722)</u>	<u>(14101.5)%</u>
Net position - beginning of year as restated	<u>307,025</u>	<u>387,483</u>	<u>(80,458)</u>	<u>(20.8)%</u>
Net position - end of year	<u>\$ 343,099</u>	<u>\$ 427,596</u>	<u>\$ (84,497)</u>	<u>(19.8)%</u>

Revenues



Total operating revenues are primarily comprised of student tuition and fees and auxiliary enterprise revenue. Student tuition and fees increased \$9.6 million or 7.4% and auxiliary enterprise revenue had growth of \$1.8 million or 1.7% from the prior fiscal year. The growth in tuition and fee revenue was due to the rise in both in-state and out-of-state tuition rates and the auxiliary revenue increase was due to an increase in fees. The University received increased funding from federal, state and local grants. This resulted in a total increase in operating revenues of \$14.3 million or 5.9%. Nonoperating revenue had a slight increase of \$0.4 million as a result of increases in Pell grant revenue and gifts offset by a reduction in investment income. Finally, other revenues decreased \$11.7 million or 33.3% as a result of fewer funds from the 21st Century Bond Program.

Expenses



Operating expenses increased slightly by \$10.3 million or 2.6% primarily due to faculty promotions and retention efforts to retain well qualified faculty combined with mandatory cost increases related to health care costs and retirement contributions. In addition, there were increases in contractual obligations, leases, and the operation and maintenance of new facilities.

Statement of Cash Flows

The Statement of Cash Flows provides relevant information that aids in the assessment of the University's ability to generate cash to meet present and future obligations and provides detailed information reflecting the University's sources and uses of cash during the fiscal year. The statement is divided into five sections. The first section deals with operating cash flows and reflects the sources and uses to support the essential mission of the University. The primary sources are tuition and fees (\$155.6 million) and auxiliary enterprises (\$122.3 million). The primary uses are payments to employees including salaries, wages, and fringe benefits (\$240.5 million) and payments to vendors (\$95.1 million).

The second section presents cash flows from non-capital financing activities and reflects nonoperating sources and uses of cash primarily to support operations. The largest sources are state appropriations (\$130.2 million) and gifts and grants (\$43.0 million).

The third section represents cash flows from capital financing activities and details the activities related to the acquisition and construction of capital assets including related debt payments. The primary source of funds is bond proceeds of (\$26.5 million) and bond proceeds from reimbursements from the Commonwealth (\$17.2 million) and capital gifts (\$7.0 million). The primary uses are purchases of capital assets (\$33.6 million) and principal and interest paid on capital debt (\$24.8 million).

The fourth section deals with cash flows from investing activities and includes interest on investments and sale of investments. The primary source was interest on investments (\$0.2 million). The last section, which is not included below, reconciles the net cash used by operating activities to the operating loss reflected on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position.

Condensed Summary of Cash Flows

(amounts in thousands)

	Year ended June 30,		Increase /	Percent
	2015	2014	(Decrease)	Change
Cash flows from operating activities	\$ (131,432)	\$ (136,699)	\$ 5,267	3.9 %
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities	172,682	171,067	1,615	0.9 %
Cash flows from capital financing activities	(2,880)	(29,650)	26,770	90.3 %
Cash flows from investing activities	234	1,018	(784)	(77.0)%
Net change in cash	<u>\$ 38,604</u>	<u>\$ 5,736</u>	<u>\$ 32,868</u>	<u>573.0 %</u>

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

The University continues to maintain and upgrade current structures, as well as adding new facilities. Investment in the development and renewal of capital assets is one of the key factors in sustaining the high quality of the University's academic, research, and residential life functions. Overall, funds invested in capital assets reflect the ongoing campus construction as indicated in Note 6. In addition to buildings, capital asset additions for June 30, 2015 include increases of \$7.1 million in equipment and \$2.7 million in improvements.

Several new and ongoing capital projects were added and completed during the fiscal year which resulted in a net increase in construction in progress of \$14.7 million. New additions to construction in progress include the new education building, Brock Commons Amphitheater, and campus dining improvements. The Consolidated Arts Complex was completed and added to buildings. Projects were financed through issuance of General Obligation and revenue bonds and receipt of capital gifts.

Financial stewardship requires effective management of resources, including the use of long-term debt to finance capital projects. The University's long-term debt increased \$21.2 million as reflected in Notes 8 and 9. The increase is mostly the result of issuance of new debt.

Uncompleted construction and other related contractual commitments increased from \$4.9 million at June 30, 2014 to \$43.6 million at June 30, 2015, as reflected in Note 13. These obligations are for future efforts and therefore have not been accrued as expenses or liabilities on the University's financial statements. The increase is primarily the result of construction of the new education building and campus dining improvements.

Economic Outlook

The passage of the Virginia Higher Education Opportunity Act by the 2011 Session of the General Assembly speaks to the importance of policy goals of increasing accessibility and enrollments in high-demand disciplines such as Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics (STEM) and the number of restructuring initiatives to enhance progress in promoting higher education opportunities. Old Dominion ranks third in the production of STEM programs. To further assess institutional performance, Chapter 2, 2014 Virginia Acts of Assembly, Special Session I included a requirement in the General Provisions to assess and certify institutional performance annually on several financial and administrative standards. The State Council of Higher Education (SCHEV) recently certified that Old Dominion University passed all the standards. Financial benefits provided to each institution will be evaluated in light of the institution's performance. While all Virginia universities are faced with the challenge of containing costs through business process improvements and efficiencies, they must also provide a quality education to students with limited state general fund support at affordable tuition prices. Old Dominion University's tuition and fees are the lowest of all the Virginia doctoral institutions.

Budget actions taken by the Governor and General Assembly during the 2015 session provided approximately \$8.7 million in general and central funds for base adequacy and operating support; a portion of the salary and benefit increases for full-time faculty and staff; additional state supported need based financial aid; and research funds for the Frank Reidy Center for Bioelectrics. An additional \$10.5 million in tuition revenue was included in the 2015-2016 operating budget to cover a portion of the cost increases related to compensation and benefits, mandatory operational cost increases for utilities and leases, and operation and maintenance for new facilities. The tuition revenue will also support the implementation of the goals of the University's 2014-2019 Strategic Plan as they relate to academic and research excellence, student success, quality of university life, community engagement and the promotion of an entrepreneurial culture.

Finally, the 2015-2016 budget included an additional \$9.8 million in one-time funding for critical operations and support functions that will further strategic objectives of the University. These initiatives include academic and research-related technology and equipment support; faculty and staff bonuses; academic and research excellence; student success and recruitment initiatives; and spending to enrich the quality of student life and community engagement.

Going forward, Old Dominion University will continue to manage its resources and position itself to continue its pursuit of excellence in teaching, research, entrepreneurship and public service.

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OLD DOMINION UNIVERSITY
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
As of June 30, 2015

	Old Dominion University	Component Units
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	\$ 93,645,949	\$ 36,736,136
Accounts receivable (Net of allowance for doubtful accounts \$1,123,600) (Note 5)	16,793,540	15,341,821
Contributions receivable (Net of allowance for doubtful collections \$1,130,325) (Note 12)	-	4,324,965
Due from the Commonwealth (Note 5)	7,016,354	-
Appropriations available	822,908	-
Travel advances	-	156,527
Prepaid expenses	2,858,118	793,375
Inventory	502,296	-
Notes receivable (Net of allowance for doubtful accounts \$24,118)	1,276,918	-
Other assets	-	210,507
Total current assets	<u>122,916,083</u>	<u>57,563,331</u>
Noncurrent assets:		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	45,247,975	-
Endowment investments (Note 4)	8,463,995	-
Investments (Notes 3 and 12)	16,293,347	212,429,917
Accounts receivable	-	49,086,265
Contributions receivable (Net of allowance for doubtful collections \$3,013,301) (Note 12)	-	12,022,250
Notes receivable (Net of allowance for doubtful accounts \$57,568)	1,755,121	-
Nondepreciable capital assets (Notes 6 and 12)	58,644,174	22,107,616
Capital assets (Notes 6 and 12)	<u>529,644,358</u>	<u>7,106,167</u>
Total noncurrent assets	<u>660,048,970</u>	<u>302,752,215</u>
Total assets	<u>782,965,053</u>	<u>360,315,546</u>
Deferred outflows of resources:		
Pension related	13,331,980	-
Loss on refunding of debt	<u>8,960,642</u>	<u>-</u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>22,292,622</u>	<u>-</u>
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	<u>805,257,675</u>	<u>360,315,546</u>
LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses (Note 7)	40,030,638	9,703,548
Due to affiliates	-	8,036,652
Unearned revenue	9,020,296	5,143,399
Obligations under securities lending (Note 3)	2,148,479	-
Deposits held in custody for others	1,903,152	38,754
Other liabilities	-	12,117,929
Line of credit	-	6,498,042
Long-term liabilities - current portion (Notes 8 and 12)	<u>21,398,661</u>	<u>2,482,352</u>
Total current liabilities	<u>74,501,226</u>	<u>44,020,676</u>
Noncurrent liabilities (Notes 8 and 12)	<u>367,605,776</u>	<u>77,182,962</u>
Total liabilities	<u>442,107,002</u>	<u>121,203,638</u>
Deferred inflows of resources:		
Pension related	<u>20,052,000</u>	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	<u>462,159,002</u>	<u>121,203,638</u>
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	358,060,230	19,146,341
Restricted for:		
Nonexpendable:		
Scholarships and fellowships	5,249,288	-
Permanently restricted	-	134,630,336
Expendable:		
Scholarships and fellowships	7,911,235	-
Research	2,893,318	-
Loans	3,324,980	-
Capital projects	72,905	-
Temporarily restricted	-	84,305,415
Departmental uses	10,094,581	-
Unrestricted	<u>(44,507,864)</u>	<u>1,029,816</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ 343,098,673</u>	<u>\$ 239,111,908</u>

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

OLD DOMINION UNIVERSITY
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Old Dominion University	Component Units
Operating revenues:		
Student tuition and fees (Net of scholarship allowances of \$25,250,241)	\$ 139,946,766	\$ -
Gifts and contributions	-	5,891,565
Federal grants and contracts	6,533,285	-
State grants and contracts	808,085	-
Indirect cost	-	8,141,733
Sponsored research	-	39,912,696
Nongovernmental grants and contracts	2,351,448	-
Auxiliary enterprises (Net of scholarship allowances of \$20,099,814)	105,471,696	-
Other operating revenues	4,341,749	9,665,252
Total operating revenues	<u>259,453,029</u>	<u>63,611,246</u>
Operating expenses:		
Instruction	154,665,510	2,014,041
Research	10,682,671	47,113,685
Public service	743,449	-
Academic support	43,380,784	6,500,835
Student services	16,446,132	-
Institutional support	27,186,110	15,474,430
Operation and maintenance	27,531,384	2,080,084
Depreciation	23,576,679	303,963
Student aid	17,779,692	3,228,942
Auxiliary activities	88,832,273	-
Total operating expenses	<u>410,824,684</u>	<u>76,715,980</u>
Operating income (loss)	<u>(151,371,655)</u>	<u>(13,104,734)</u>
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
State appropriations (Note 11)	131,524,764	-
Pell grant revenue	31,426,540	-
Gifts	11,628,033	-
Investment income (Net of investment expenses of \$237,291)	223,975	8,863,679
Other	(95,181)	-
Interest on capital asset-related debt	(8,795,070)	-
Payments to Commonwealth from state appropriations	(1,059,300)	-
Payments to Treasury Board	(374,473)	-
Net nonoperating revenues (expenses)	<u>164,479,288</u>	<u>8,863,679</u>
Income before other revenues, (expenses), gains, and (losses)	<u>13,107,633</u>	<u>(4,241,055)</u>
Proceeds from 21st Century bond reimbursement program	17,333,614	-
Capital gifts and grants	6,112,081	-
Bond issuance expense	(334,000)	-
Disposal of plant assets	(156,708)	(4,273)
Build America bond interest	10,778	-
Contributions to permanent endowments	-	4,615,893
Total other revenues, (expenses), gains, and (losses)	<u>22,965,765</u>	<u>4,611,620</u>
Increase in net position	36,073,398	370,565
Net position - beginning of year (as restated) (Note 2)	<u>307,025,275</u>	<u>238,741,343</u>
Net position - end of year	<u>\$ 343,098,673</u>	<u>\$ 239,111,908</u>

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

OLD DOMINION UNIVERSITY
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Student tuition and fees	\$ 155,585,521
Grants and contracts	7,626,158
Auxiliary enterprises	122,295,622
Other receipts	4,341,750
Payments to employees	(184,793,070)
Payments for fringe benefits	(55,721,663)
Payments for services and supplies	(87,814,095)
Payments for travel	(7,260,383)
Payments for scholarships and fellowships	(71,758,695)
Payments for noncapitalized improvements and equipment	(14,101,375)
Loans issued to students	(449,414)
Collections of loans from students	<u>617,039</u>
Net cash used by operating activities	<u>(131,432,605)</u>
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:	
State appropriations	130,247,330
Pell grant revenue	31,426,540
Gifts and grants for other than capital purposes	11,601,816
William D. Ford direct lending receipts	111,133,056
William D. Ford direct lending disbursements	(111,133,056)
PLUS loans receipts	13,743,476
PLUS loans disbursements	(13,743,476)
Federal grants and contracts	80,176
Agency receipts	2,268,442
Agency payments	<u>(2,942,051)</u>
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	<u>172,682,253</u>
Cash flows from capital financing activities:	
Proceeds from 21st Century bond reimbursement program	17,210,062
Bond proceeds from capital debt and investments	26,523,355
Capital gifts	6,974,276
Bond premiums	5,029,829
Cost of bond issuance	(208,829)
Purchase of capital assets	(33,646,862)
Principal paid on capital debt, leases and installments	(14,375,614)
Interest paid on capital debt, leases and installments	<u>(10,386,329)</u>
Net cash used by capital financing activities	<u>(2,880,112)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Interest on investments and cash management	<u>234,331</u>
Net cash provided by investing activities	<u>234,331</u>
Net change in cash	<u>38,603,867</u>
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of the year	102,748,974
Less: Securities lending - Treasurer of Virginia	<u>(4,532,350)</u>
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of the year	<u>98,216,624</u>
Cash and cash equivalents - end of the year	<u>\$ 136,820,491</u>

RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS TO STATEMENT OF
NET POSITION:

Statement of Net Position

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 138,893,924
Less: Securities lending - Treasurer of Virginia	<u>(2,073,433)</u>

Net cash and cash equivalents \$ 136,820,491

RECONCILIATION OF NET OPERATING (LOSS) TO NET CASH USED BY
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:

Operating (loss) \$ (151,371,655)

Adjustments to reconcile net income/(loss) to net cash used by operating activities:

Depreciation expense	23,576,679
Changes in assets, deferred outflows, and liabilities:	
Receivables, net	(5,072,838)
Prepaid expenses	(52,044)
Inventory	229,906
Deferred outflows for pension plans	(867,980)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,270,344
Deposits	(256,573)
Unearned revenue	<u>111,556</u>

Net cash used by operating activities \$ (131,432,605)

Non-cash investing, capital and financing activities:

Securities lending	\$ 2,073,433
Change in fair value of investments	\$ (695,521)
Capitalization of interest expense	\$ 417,880
Amortization of bond premium	\$ 1,637,430
Change in receivables related to nonoperating income	\$ 198,788

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

Old Dominion University (the University) is a comprehensive university that is part of the Commonwealth of Virginia's statewide system of public higher education. The University's Board of Visitors, appointed by the Governor, is responsible for overseeing governance of the University. A separate report is prepared for the Commonwealth which includes all agencies, higher education institutions, boards, commissions, and authorities over which the Commonwealth exercises or has the ability to exercise oversight authority. The University is a component unit of the Commonwealth of Virginia and is included in the basic financial statements of the Commonwealth.

The University includes all entities over which the University exercises or has the ability to exercise oversight authority for financial reporting purposes. Under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus – An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*, the Old Dominion University Educational and Real Estate Foundations, the Old Dominion Athletic Foundation, and the Old Dominion University Research Foundation (the Foundations) are included as component units of the University. These foundations are legally separate and tax-exempt organizations formed to promote the achievements and further the aims and purposes of the University.

The Educational and Real Estate Foundations receive, administer, and distribute gifts for the furtherance of educational activities and objectives of the University. The Athletic Foundation receives, administers, and distributes gifts for the furtherance of educational and athletic activities of the University. For additional information on these foundations, contact Foundation Offices at 4417 Monarch Way, 4th Floor, Norfolk, Virginia 23529. The Educational and Real Estate Foundations and the Athletic Foundation have adopted December 31 as their year-end. All amounts reflected are as of December 31, 2014. The Research Foundation coordinates and accounts for substantially all grants and contracts awarded for research at the University. For additional information contact the Research Foundation at 4111 Monarch Way, Suite 204, Norfolk, Virginia 23508.

Although the University does not control the timing or amount of receipts from the Foundations, the majority of resources or income thereon that the Foundations hold and invest is restricted to the activities of the University by the donors. Because these restricted resources held by the Foundations can only be used by or for the benefit of the University, the Foundations are considered component units of the University and are discretely presented in the financial statements.

Basis of Presentation

The University's accounting policies conform with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. The University follows accounting and reporting standards for reporting by special-purpose governments engaged only in business-type activities.

The Foundations are private, nonprofit organizations, and as such the financial statement presentation follows the recommendation of accounting literature related to nonprofits. As a result, reclassifications have been made to convert the Foundation's financial information to GASB format.

Basis of Accounting

For reporting purposes, the University is considered a special-purpose government engaged only in business-type activities. Accordingly, its statements have been presented using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting; whereby, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. All intra-agency transactions have been eliminated.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

In accordance with the GASB Statement No. 9, *Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting*, definition, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, money market funds, and temporary highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Investments

The University accounts for its investments that are purchased at fair value. Investments received by gift are carried at fair value at date of acquisition in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*, as modified by GASB Statement No. 59, *Financial Instruments Omnibus*. All investment income, including changes in the fair value of investments (unrealized gains and losses), is reported as nonoperating revenue in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position.

Receivables

Receivables consist of tuition and fee charges to students and auxiliary enterprises' sales and services. Receivables also include amounts due from the federal, state, and local governments or private sources in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenditures made pursuant to grants and contracts. Receivables are recorded net of estimated uncollectible amounts.

Prepaid Expenses

The University's prepaid expenses include memberships, subscriptions, maintenance and support, lease payments, and insurance payments for fiscal year 2016 that were paid in advance as of June 30, 2015.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost (generally determined on the first-in, first-out method) or market, and consist primarily of expendable supplies held for consumption.

Noncurrent Cash and Investments

Cash and investments that are externally restricted to make debt service payments, reserve funds, or purchase or construct capital and other noncurrent assets, are classified as noncurrent assets in the Statement of Net Position.

Capital Assets

Capital assets include land, buildings and other improvements, library materials, equipment, intangibles, and infrastructure assets such as campus lighting. Capital assets generally are defined by the University as assets with an estimated useful life in excess of one year and an initial cost of \$5,000 or more, except for computer software which is capitalized at a cost of \$100,000. Other assets are recorded at actual cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Library materials are valued using published average prices for library acquisitions. Donated capital assets are recorded at the estimated fair market value at the date of donation, with the exception of intra-entity capital asset donations which, in accordance with GASB Statement No. 48, *Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Entity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues*, are recorded at the carrying value of the asset on the transferor's books as of the date of transfer. Expenses for major capital assets and improvements (construction in progress) are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest

expense of \$417,880 relating to construction is capitalized net of interest income earned on resources set aside for this purpose for the year ended June 30, 2015. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to an asset's value or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized. Certain maintenance and replacement reserves have been established to fund costs relating to residences and other auxiliary activities.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the asset and is not allocated to the functional expense categories. Useful lives by asset categories are listed below:

Buildings	5-50 years
Other improvements and infrastructure	2-30 years
Equipment	2-25 years
Library materials	5 years
Intangible assets	3-25 years

Accrued Compensated Absences

Accrued leave reflected in the accompanying financial statements represents the amount of annual, sick, and compensatory leave earned but not taken as of June 30, 2015. The amount reflects all earned vacation, sick, and compensatory leave payable under the Commonwealth of Virginia's leave pay-out policy and the University's faculty administrators' leave pay-out policy upon employment termination. The applicable share of employer related taxes payable on the eventual termination payments is also included.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) State Employee Retirement Plan and the Virginia Law Officers' System (VaLORS) Retirement Plan; and the additions to/deductions from the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan's and the VaLORS Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contribution) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments held by VRS are reported at fair value.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue primarily includes amounts received for tuition and fees and certain auxiliary activities prior to the end of the fiscal year, but related to the period after June 30, 2015.

Noncurrent Liabilities

Noncurrent liabilities include principal amounts of bonds payable, notes payable, and capital lease obligations with contractual maturities greater than one year as well as estimated amounts for accrued compensated absences that will not be paid within the next fiscal year.

Discounts, Premiums, and Bond Issuance Costs

Bonds payable on the Statement of Net Position are reported net of related discounts and premiums, which are amortized over the life of the bond. Bond issuance costs are no longer capitalized. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, the costs are expensed as nonoperating expenses.

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are defined as the consumption of net assets applicable to a future reporting period. The deferred outflows of resources have a positive effect on net position similar to assets.

Deferred inflows of resources are defined as the acquisition of net assets applicable to a future reporting period. The deferred inflows of resources have a negative effect on net position similar to liabilities.

Net Position

GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management’s Discussion and Analysis – For State and Local Governments*, and GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*, require that the Statement of Net Position report all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position. Net position is the difference between all other elements in a statement of net position and should be displayed in three components. Accordingly, the University’s net position is classified as follows:

Net Investment in Capital Assets consists of total investments in capital assets, net accumulated depreciation and outstanding debt obligations.

Restricted Net Position:

Nonexpendable includes endowment and similar type assets whose use is limited by donors or other outside sources, and as a condition of the gift, the principal is to be maintained in perpetuity.

Expendable represents funds that have been received for specific purposes and the University is legally or contractually obligated to spend the resources in accordance with restrictions imposed by external parties.

Unrestricted Net Position represents resources derived from student tuition and fees, state appropriations, unrestricted gifts, interest income, and sales and services of educational departments and auxiliary enterprises.

Classification of Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions, such as: (1) student tuition and fees, net of scholarship allowances; (2) sales and services of auxiliary enterprises, net of scholarship allowances; and (3) federal, state, and nongovernmental grants and contracts.

Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions, such as gifts and other revenue sources that are defined as nonoperating revenues by GASB Statement No. 9, *Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting*, and GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management’s Discussion and Analysis – For State and Local Governments*, such as state appropriations, investment, and interest income.

Nonoperating expenses primarily include interest on debt related to the purchase of capital assets and losses on the disposal of capital assets. All other expenses are classified as operating expenses.

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the University’s policy is to first apply the expense toward restricted resources and then toward unrestricted resources. Restricted funds remain classified as such until restrictions have been satisfied.

Scholarship Allowances

Student tuition and fee revenues and certain other revenues from charges to students are reported net of scholarship allowances in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. Scholarship allowances are the differences between the actual charge for goods and services provided by the University and the amounts that are paid by students and/or third parties on the students’ behalf. Financial aid to students is reported in the financial statements under the alternative method as prescribed by the National Association of College and University Business Officers (NACUBO). The alternative method is a simple proportionality algorithm that computes scholarship discounts and allowances on a university-wide basis by allocating the cash payments to students, excluding payments for services, on the ratio of total aid to the aid not considered to be third party aid.

Student financial assistance grants and other federal, state, or nongovernmental programs are recorded as either operating or nonoperating revenues in the accompanying Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position. To the extent that revenues from these programs are used to satisfy tuition, fees, and other charges, the University has recorded a scholarship allowance.

Federal Financial Assistance Programs

The University participates in federally funded Pell Grants, Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (SEOG), Federal Work-Study, Perkins Loans, Stafford Loans, Parent Loans for Undergraduate Students (PLUS), and Teacher Education Assistance for College and Higher Education grants (TEACH). Federal programs are audited in accordance with generally accepted governmental auditing standards.

NOTE 2: RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Beginning net position was adjusted to reflect the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68*.

Net position balance as previously reported at June 30, 2014	\$ 427,596,275
Change in reporting for pensions	<u>(120,571,000)</u>
Net position balance beginning of year as restated	<u><u>\$ 307,025,275</u></u>

NOTE 3: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The following information is provided with respect to the University's cash, cash equivalents, and investments as of June 30, 2015. The following risk disclosures are required by GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 3*:

Custodial Credit Risk (Category 3 deposits and investments) - The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The University is not exposed to custodial credit risk at June 30, 2015.

Credit risk - The risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 3*, requires the disclosure of the credit quality rating on any investments subject to credit risk. The University does not have a credit rate risk policy. The University's portfolio can be characterized as having minimal exposure to credit risk as indicated by the majority of credit ratings being A- or better.

Concentration of credit risk - The risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer of fixed income securities. The University does not have a concentration of credit risk policy. As of June 30, 2015, the University does not have investments in any one issuer (excluding investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and mutual fund or pool investments) representing 5% or more of its total investments.

Interest rate risk - The risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 3*, requires disclosure of maturities for any investments subject to interest rate risk. None of the University's investments are considered highly sensitive to changes in interest rates. The University does not have an interest rate risk policy. Interest rate information was organized by investment type and amount using segmented time distribution method and weighted average maturity.

Foreign currency risk - The risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit. The University has no foreign deposits but does have foreign investments for June 30, 2015. The foreign investments are traded in U.S. dollars and the risk is considered to be low. The University does not have a foreign currency risk policy.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Pursuant to Section 2.2-1800, et seq., *Code of Virginia*, all state funds of the University are maintained by the Treasurer of Virginia who is responsible for the collection, disbursement, custody, and investment of state funds. Cash deposits held by the University are maintained in accounts that are collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act, Section 2.2-4400, et seq., *Code of Virginia*. Cash and cash equivalents represent cash with the treasurer, cash on hand, certificates of deposit and temporary investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and cash equivalents with the Virginia State Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP). SNAP is an open-end management investment company registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Cash and cash equivalents reporting requirements are defined by GASB Statement No. 9, *Reporting Cash Flows of Proprietary and Nonexpendable Trust Funds and Governmental Entities that Use Proprietary Fund Accounting*.

Deposits

At June 30, 2015, the carrying value of the University's deposit with banks was \$49,996,329 and the bank balance was \$38,908,607. The carrying value of deposits differs from the bank balance because of reconciling items such as deposits in transit and outstanding checks. The deposits of the University are secured in accordance with the provisions of the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act, Section 2.2-400 of the *Code of Virginia*. The act requires any public depository that receives or holds public deposits to pledge collateral to the Treasury Board to cover public deposits in excess of Federal deposit insurance. The required collateral percentage is determined by the Treasury Board and ranges from 50% to 100% for financial institutions choosing the pooled method of collateralization, and from 105% to 130% for financial institutions choosing the dedicated method of collateralization. At June 30, 2015, the University's deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

The investment policy of the University is established by the Board of Visitors and monitored by the Board's Administration and Finance Committee. Authorized investments are set forth in the Investment of Public Funds Act, Section 2.2-4500 through 2.2-4516, et seq., *Code of Virginia*. Authorized investments include: U.S. Treasury and agency securities, municipal securities, corporate debt securities of domestic corporations, agency mortgage-backed securities, negotiable certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, common and preferred equities, equity in land, and mutual and money market funds.

Investments fall into two groups: short- and long-term. Short-term investments have an original maturity of over 90 days but less than or equal to one year. Long-term investments have an original maturity greater than one year.

Security Lending Transactions

The University participates in the State Treasury's securities lending program. Collateral held for security lending transactions of \$2,148,479 represents the University's allocated share of cash collateral received and reinvested and securities received by the State Treasury securities lending program. Information related to the credit risk of these investments and the State Treasury's securities lending program is available on a statewide level in the Commonwealth of Virginia's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR).

The Commonwealth's policy is to record unrealized gains and losses in the General Fund in the Commonwealth's basic financial statements. When gains or losses are realized, the actual gains and losses are recorded by the affected agencies.

Credit & Concentration of Credit Risks

Type of Investment	Percentage of Investments	Fair Value	Standard & Poor's Credit Quality Rating
<u>CASH EQUIVALENTS:</u>			
Mutual/Money Market Funds			
BB&T	0.07%	\$ 36,916	
SNAP	51.44%	28,457,341	AAAm
Securities Lending	3.75%	2,073,433	
Total Cash Equivalents		30,567,690	
<u>INVESTMENTS:</u>			
Mutual/Money Market			
Intermediate Term Fund	11.63%	6,436,357	AA
Mutual Funds held by Foundations	22.40%	12,395,119	NR
Securities Lending	0.14%	75,046	
U. S. Treasury & Agency Securities*			
U.S. Treasury Bond	0.08%	41,528	NR
U.S. Treasury Note	0.58%	318,311	NR
Corporate Bonds			
Ace Ina Holdings	0.05%	26,825	A+
Bank of NY Mellon Corp	0.03%	24,736	A+
Bear Stearns Company Inc	0.03%	22,657	A
Berkshire Hathaway Fin	0.05%	25,269	AA
Caterpillar Inc	0.03%	20,304	A
Chevron Corp	0.05%	25,231	AA
E.I. Du Pont De Nemours EI Du Pont De Nemour & Co	0.03%	21,996	A
Duke Energy Carolinas	0.05%	27,447	A
General Elec Cap Corp	0.05%	28,111	AA
Merck & Co Inc	0.04%	24,791	AA
Occidental Petroleum Corp	0.08%	45,407	A
Oracle Corp	0.03%	22,220	AA-
PNC Funding Corp	0.05%	25,434	A-
Paccar Financial Corp	0.05%	24,983	A+
Pepsico Inc	0.05%	25,611	A
Phillip Morris Intl Inc	0.05%	27,764	A
Charles Schwab Corp Note	0.05%	27,633	A
Simon Property Group Lp	0.05%	28,492	A
Target Corp	0.03%	21,587	A
The Travelers Companies Inc	0.05%	26,880	A
United Parcel Service	0.05%	27,870	A+
US Bancorp	0.05%	25,301	A+
Virginia Elec & Power Co	0.05%	24,921	A-
Wachovia Corporation	0.05%	27,154	A+

Type of Investment	Percentage of Investments	Fair Value	Standard & Poor's Credit Quality Rating
Municipal Securities			
Dallas Cnty Tex Hosp Dist Build America Bonds Ser B GO	0.07%	38,826	AA
Maryland St Cmnty Dev Admin Dept HSG & Cmnty Dev Txbl-Ref-Ser E	0.05%	25,046	NR
New York NY Build America Bonds GO	0.10%	54,424	AA
New York City NY Transitional Fin Auth Rev Txbl-Sub-Future Tax Secured-Ser D2	0.05%	25,632	AAA
New York St Dorm Auth St Income Tax Rev Taxable Gen Purp Ser B	0.06%	32,159	AAA
North Tex St St Muni Wtr Dist Wtr Sys Rev Build America Bonds Direct Payment Ser D	0.08%	44,158	AAA
Oklahoma St Capital Impt Auth Build America Bonds-Taxable Interes Subsidy	0.05%	27,904	AA
Stratford CT Ref Taxable Pension Oblig A GO	0.08%	46,640	AA
Agency Mortgage Backed			
Federal National Mortgage Association	0.32%	175,861	AA+
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	0.34%	186,620	AA+
Foreign Bonds/Notes			
BNP Paribas	0.05%	25,064	A+
HSBC Holdings PLC Holdings PLC	0.05%	27,868	A
Invesco Finance PLC	0.02%	14,827	A
Lloyds Bank PLC	0.05%	25,264	A
Manulife Finl Corp	0.04%	22,170	A
Mutual Funds Equity**			
Eaton Vance Atlanta Capital Focused Growth Fund-I	0.17%	91,890	
Federated Mdt Small Cap Growth Fund CL I Fund #284	0.06%	32,680	
Goldman Sachs Growth Opportunity Fund Class I #1132	0.18%	101,785	
Sterling Capital Equity Income Fund Inst CL I Fund #322	0.25%	138,214	
Sterling Capital Special Opportunities Fund Inst CL Fund #321	0.11%	60,003	
Sterling Capital Mid Value Fund Inst CL Fund 312	0.27%	151,928	
Vanguard 500 Index Fund CL Adm Fund #540	0.42%	229,753	
Virtus Quality Small Cap Fund CL I Fund #1764	0.09%	47,753	
Mutual Funds - Intl Equity**			
Causeway Internatl Value-Invs	0.79%	435,305	
Forward International Small Companies FD Inst CL Fund #111	0.23%	129,676	
Harding Loevner International Equity Inst CL Fund #4951	0.52%	289,631	
Lazard Emerging Mkts Portfolio Inst Class Fund # 638	0.31%	169,285	
Oppenheimer Developing Markets Fund CL Y Fund #788	0.20%	111,989	
Mutual Funds - Specialty Fds**			
Cohen & Steers Realty Shares Institutional		2	
Other***			
Equity Interest in Land	3.80%	2,100,000	
Total Investments		<u>24,757,342</u>	
Total Cash Equivalents & Investments	<u>100.00%</u>	<u>\$ 55,325,032</u>	

* Credit quality ratings are not required for U.S. Government and agency securities that are explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. Government.

** Credit quality ratings are not required for equity investments.

*** Credit quality ratings are not required for these investments which, with the exception of "Other", do not have specified maturities.

Interest Rate Risk: Maturities

Type of Investment	0-3 Months	4-12 Months	1-5 Years	6-10 Years
Cash Equivalents:				
Mutual/Money Market Funds				
BB&T	\$ 36,916	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
SNAP	28,457,341			
Securities Lending held with Treasurer	2,073,433			
Total Cash Equivalents	30,567,690			
Investments:				
Mutual/Money Market				
Intermediate Term Fund			6,436,357	
Mutual Funds held by Foundations			12,395,119	
U. S. Treasury & Agency Securities				
U.S. Treasury Note			184,610	133,701
U.S. Treasury Bond			41,528	
Corporate Bonds				
Ace Ina Holdings			26,825	
Bank of NY Mellon Corp			24,736	
Bear Stearns Company Inc			22,657	
Berkshire Hathaway Fin			25,269	
Caterpillar Inc				20,304
Chevron Corp			25,231	
E.I. Du Pont De Nemours EI Du Pont De Nemour & Co			21,996	
Duke Energy Carolinas			27,447	
General Elec Cap Corp				28,111
Merck & Co Inc			24,791	
Occidental Petroleum Corp			45,407	
Oracle Corp			22,220	
PNC Funding Corp			25,434	
Paccar Financial Corp			24,983	
Pepsico Inc				25,611
Phillip Morris Intl Inc			27,764	
Charles Schwab Corp Note				27,633
Simon Property Group Lp			28,492	
Target Corp			21,587	
The Travelers Companies Inc				26,880
United Parcel Service			27,870	
US Bancorp			25,301	
Virginia Elec & Power Co				24,921
Wachovia Corporation			27,154	

<u>Type of Investment</u>	<u>0-3 Months</u>	<u>4-12 Months</u>	<u>1-5 Years</u>	<u>6-10 Years</u>
Municipal Securities				
Dallas Cnty Tex Hosp Dist Build America Bonds Ser B GO				38,826
Maryland St Cmnty Dev Admin Dept HSG & Cmnty Dev Txbl-Ref-Ser E			25,046	
New York NY Build America Bonds GO			54,424	
New York City NY Transitional Fin Auth Rev Txbl-Sub-Future Tax Secured-Ser D2				25,632
New York St Dorm Auth St Income Tax Rev Taxable Gen Purp Ser B			32,159	
North Tex St St Muni Wtr Dist Wtr Sys Rev Build America Bonds Direct Payment Ser D				44,158
Oklahoma St Capital Impt Auth Build America Bonds- Taxable Interes Subsidy				27,904
Stratford CT Ref Taxable Pension			46,640	
US Government Agency Bds.Notes/Agency Mortgage				
Federal National Mortgage Association			175,861	
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation			100,560	86,060
Foreign Bonds/Notes				
BNP Paribas			25,064	
HSBC Holdings PLC Holdings PLC				27,868
Invesco Finance PLC				14,827
Lloyds Bank PLC			25,264	
Manulife Finl Corp				22,170
Total	<u>\$ 30,567,690</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 20,017,796</u>	<u>\$ 574,606</u>

NOTE 4: DONOR RESTRICTED ENDOWMENT

Investments of the University's endowment funds are pooled and consist primarily of gifts and bequests, the use of which is restricted by donor imposed limitations.

The Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act, *Code of Virginia* Section 55-268.1 et. seq., permits the spending policy adopted by the Board of Visitors to appropriate an amount of realized and unrealized endowment appreciation as the Board determines to be prudent. In determining the amount of appreciation to appropriate, the Board is required by the Act to consider such factors as long-term and short-term needs of the institution, present and anticipated financial requirements, expected total return on investments, price level trends, and general economic conditions. The amount available for spending is determined by applying a predetermined rate to the twelve-quarter moving average of the market value of each endowment for the period ending on the previous September 30. For fiscal year 2015, the payout percentage was 4.0%. The payout percentage is reviewed and adjusted annually, as deemed prudent.

At June 30, 2015, net appreciation of \$903,469 is available to be spent, which is reported in the Statement of Net Position as Restricted for Expendable Scholarships and Fellowships.

NOTE 5: ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

A. Accounts receivable consisted of the following at June 30, 2015:

Student tuition and fees	\$ 9,422,631
Auxiliary enterprises	3,781,948
Federal, state, and nongovernmental grants and contracts	4,488,392
Other activities	224,169
Gross receivables	<u>17,917,140</u>
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	<u>(1,123,600)</u>
Net accounts receivable	<u><u>\$ 16,793,540</u></u>

B. Due from the Commonwealth consisted of the following at June 30, 2015:

Equipment trust fund reimbursement	\$ 2,908,725
Virginia College Building Authority 21 st Century bonds	<u>4,107,629</u>
Total due from Commonwealth of Virginia	<u><u>\$ 7,016,354</u></u>

NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in the various capital asset categories for the year ending June 30, 2015 is presented as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance
Nondepreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ 31,254,494	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 31,254,494
Construction in progress	12,686,743	26,601,259	11,898,322	27,389,680
Total nondepreciable capital assets	<u>43,941,237</u>	<u>26,601,259</u>	<u>11,898,322</u>	<u>58,644,174</u>
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings	716,588,269	8,883,295	-	725,471,564
Equipment	87,122,211	7,053,704	3,821,131	90,354,784
Infrastructure	2,378,590	381,638	-	2,760,228
Improvements other than buildings	13,003,705	2,684,261	456,805	15,231,161
Library books	72,517,667	1,104,453	34,688	73,587,432
Intangible assets	2,964,771	-	88,778	2,875,993
Total depreciable capital assets	<u>894,575,213</u>	<u>20,107,351</u>	<u>4,401,402</u>	<u>910,281,162</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	228,696,540	14,076,155	-	242,772,695
Equipment	51,667,429	6,351,417	3,613,829	54,405,017
Infrastructure	1,422,558	90,619	-	1,513,177
Improvements other than buildings	8,217,175	1,019,516	456,805	8,779,886
Library books	69,031,120	1,795,707	34,688	70,792,139
Intangible assets	2,218,901	243,265	88,276	2,373,890
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>361,253,723</u>	<u>23,576,679</u>	<u>4,193,598</u>	<u>380,636,804</u>
Depreciable capital assets, net	<u>533,321,490</u>	<u>(3,469,328)</u>	<u>207,804</u>	<u>529,644,358</u>
Total capital assets, net	<u><u>\$ 577,262,727</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 23,131,931</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 12,106,126</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 588,288,532</u></u>

NOTE 7: ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED EXPENSES

Accounts payable and accrued expenses consisted of the following at June 30, 2015:

Employee salaries, wages, and fringe benefits payable	\$ 18,921,351
Retainage payable	991,234
Interest payable	2,142,941
Virginia Retirement System payable	1,324,575
Vendors and suppliers accounts payable	<u>16,650,537</u>
Current liabilities - accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u>\$ 40,030,638</u>

NOTE 8: NONCURRENT LIABILITIES

The University's noncurrent liabilities consist of long-term debt (further described in Note 9) and other noncurrent liabilities. A summary of changes in noncurrent liabilities for the year ending June 30, 2015 is presented as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Current Portion
Long-term debt:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 59,251,859	\$ 33,090,407	\$ 32,395,485	\$ 59,946,781	\$ 3,281,976
Revenue bonds	120,946,208	58,610,529	35,296,278	144,260,459	9,600,000
Installment purchases	1,610,661	-	297,812	1,312,849	216,904
Capital leases	64,589,895	-	2,494,040	62,095,855	2,339,418
Total long-term debt	<u>246,398,623</u>	<u>91,700,936</u>	<u>70,483,615</u>	<u>267,615,944</u>	<u>15,438,298</u>
Accrued compensated absences	7,913,113	6,943,004	7,090,712	7,765,405	5,899,863
Net pension liability *	127,632,000	-	14,649,000 **	112,983,000	-
Federal loan program contributions	247,938	150,150	-	398,088	-
Other liabilities	302,500	-	60,500	242,000	60,500
Total long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 382,494,174</u>	<u>\$ 98,794,090</u>	<u>\$ 92,283,827</u>	<u>\$ 389,004,437</u>	<u>\$ 21,398,661</u>

* Beginning balance was restated to reflect recording of pension liability due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27.

** Net decrease is shown.

NOTE 9: LONG-TERM DEBT

The University has issued two categories of bonds pursuant to Section 9 of Article X of the *Constitution of Virginia*. Section 9(c) bonds are general obligation bonds issued by the Commonwealth of Virginia on behalf of the University which are secured by the net revenues of the completed project and the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Section 9(d) bonds are revenue bonds, which are limited obligations of the University payable exclusively from pledged general revenues and are not debt of the Commonwealth of Virginia, legally, morally, or otherwise. Pledged General Fund revenues include General Fund appropriations, tuition and fees, auxiliary enterprise revenues, and other revenues not required by law to be used for another purpose. The University issued 9(d) bonds through the Virginia College Building Authority's (VCBA) Pooled Bond Program created by the Virginia General Assembly in 1996. Through the Pooled Bond Program, the VCBA issues 9(d) bonds and uses the proceeds to purchase debt obligations (notes) of the University and various other institutions of higher education. The University's general revenue, not otherwise obligated, also secures these notes.

Description	Interest Rates	Maturity	2015
General obligation bonds:			
Dormitory, Series 2006B	4.00% - 5.00%	2016	\$ 405,000
Dormitory, Series 2007B	4.00% - 5.00%	2017	1,475,000
Dormitory, Series 2008B	5.00%	2018	5,355,000
Dormitory, Series 2009C	4.00%	2022	1,152,193
Dormitory, Series 2009D	5.00%	2022	1,625,000
Dormitory, Series 2009D	5.00%	2022	2,465,000
Dormitory, Series 2010A	2.10% - 5.00%	2030	1,595,000
Dormitory, Series 2012A	5.00%	2024	654,765
Dormitory, Series 2013B	4.00% - 5.00%	2025	570,047
Dormitory, Series 2013B	4.00% - 5.00%	2026	2,760,934
Dormitory, Series 2013B	4.00% - 5.00%	2025	6,344,322
Dormitory, Series 2015B	4.00% - 5.00%	2027	2,826,720
Dormitory, Series 2015B	4.00% - 5.00%	2028	24,073,712
Total general obligation bonds			51,302,693
Revenue bonds:			
Classrooms, Series 2007B	4.25%	2018	797,136
Classrooms, Series 2014B	3.00% - 5.00%	2017	1,380,364
Classrooms, Series 2014B	3.00% - 5.00%	2020	289,722
Recreation, Series 2007B	4.25%	2018	413,781
Recreation, Series 2007B	4.00% - 4.50%	2020	6,674,866
Recreation, Series 2010B	5.00%	2021	630,000
Recreation, Series 2010B	5.00%	2022	6,070,000
Recreation, Series 2014B	3.00% - 5.00%	2017	723,812
Recreation, Series 2014B	3.00% - 5.00%	2020	326,564
Recreation, Series 2014B	3.00% - 5.00%	2017	1,051,710
Parking, Series 2007A	4.50% - 5.00%	2028	2,405,000
Parking, Series 2007B	4.25%	2018	149,083
Parking, Series 2007B	4.00% - 4.50%	2020	2,535,134
Parking, Series 2009A	2.50% - 5.00%	2029	4,320,000
Parking, Series 2010B	5.00%	2021	360,000
Parking, Series 2010B	5.00%	2022	1,860,000
Parking, Series 2010B	5.00%	2021	450,000
Parking, Series 2012A	5.00%	2024	560,000
Parking, Series 2012A	3.00% - 5.00%	2025	2,260,000
Parking, Series 2014B	3.00% - 5.00%	2017	255,824
Parking, Series 2014B	3.00% - 5.00%	2020	473,714
Parking, Series 2014B	3.00% - 5.00%	2017	598,290
Parking, Series 2014B	3.00% - 5.00%	2026	3,805,000
Athletic Fac. Exp., Series 2005A	4.375% - 5.00%	2016	165,000
Athletic Fac. Exp., Series 2006A	3.00% - 5.00%	2027	305,000
Athletic Fac. Exp., Series 2007A	4.50% - 5.00%	2028	135,000
Athletic Fac. Exp., Series 2012A	3.00% - 5.00%	2025	1,330,000
Athletic Fac. Exp., Series 2012A	3.00% - 5.00%	2025	1,645,000
Athletic Fac. Exp., Series 2014B	3.00% - 5.00%	2026	415,000
Athletic Fac. Exp., Series 2014B	3.00% - 5.00%	2024	360,000

Description	Interest Rates	Maturity	2015
Athletic Fac. Exp., Series 2014B	3.00% - 5.00%	2026	225,000
H&PE Renovation, Series 2005A	4.375% - 5.00%	2016	165,000
H&PE Renovation, Series 2007A	4.50% - 5.00%	2028	4,450,000
H&PE Renovation, Series 2012A	3.00% - 5.00%	2025	1,110,000
H&PE Renovation, Series 2012A	3.00% - 5.00%	2025	1,645,000
H&PE Renovation, Series 2014B	3.00% - 5.00%	2026	420,000
H&PE Renovation, Series 2014B	3.00% - 5.00%	2026	7,025,000
Indoor Tennis Court, Series 2005A	4.375% - 5.00%	2016	125,000
Indoor Tennis Court, Series 2006A	3.00% - 5.00%	2027	65,000
Indoor Tennis Court, Series 2007A	4.50% - 5.00%	2028	70,000
Indoor Tennis Court, Series 2012A	3.00% - 5.00%	2025	820,000
Indoor Tennis Court, Series 2012A	3.00% - 5.00%	2025	1,280,000
Indoor Tennis Court, Series 2014B	3.00% - 5.00%	2026	325,000
Indoor Tennis Court, Series 2014B	3.00% - 5.00%	2024	100,000
Indoor Tennis Court, Series 2014B	3.00% - 5.00%	2026	120,000
Dormitory, Series 2005A	4.375% - 5.00%	2016	1,060,000
Dormitory, Series 2012A	3.00% - 5.00%	2025	10,820,000
Dormitory, Series 2014B	3.00% - 5.00%	2026	2,730,000
Powhatan Sports Ctr, Series 2007A	4.50% - 5.00%	2028	1,835,000
Powhatan Sports Ctr, Series 2009A	2.50% - 5.00%	2029	21,935,000
Powhatan Sports Ctr, Series 2010A	3.75% - 5.50%	2031	790,000
Powhatan Sports Ctr, Series 2014A	2.00% - 5.00%	2035	3,005,000
Powhatan Sports Ctr, Series 2014B	3.00% - 5.00%	2026	2,900,000
Webb Center Expansion, Series 2009B	4.25% - 5.00%	2030	600,000
Webb Center Expansion, Series 2014A	2.00% - 5.00%	2035	2,540,000
Campus Dining Impr, Series 2014A	2.00% - 5.00%	2035	20,950,000
Total revenue bonds			<u>129,855,000</u>
Installment purchases	1.56% - 2.66%	2016-22	1,312,849
Capital leases	Various	2019-34	<u>62,095,855</u>
Total bonds, notes, installment purchases, and leases			<u>244,566,397</u>
Unamortized bond premium, general obligation bonds			8,644,088
Unamortized bond premium, revenue bonds			<u>14,405,459</u>
Total bonds, notes, installment purchases, leases, and unamortized bond premiums			<u><u>\$ 267,615,944</u></u>

Long-term debt matures as follows:

	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2016	\$ 15,438,299	\$ 10,698,654
2017	16,103,987	10,123,683
2018	17,074,138	9,369,994
2019	16,320,417	8,620,102
2020	17,059,689	7,882,998
2021-2025	82,600,876	27,840,089
2026-2030	58,673,180	10,647,458
2031-2035	21,295,811	2,019,415
Total	<u>\$ 244,566,397</u>	<u>\$ 87,202,393</u>

A. Equipment Trust Fund Program

The Equipment Trust Fund (ETF) program was established to provide state-supported institutions of higher education bond proceeds for financing the acquisition and replacement of instructional and research equipment. The Virginia College Building Authority (VCBA) manages the program. The VCBA issues bonds and uses the proceeds to reimburse the University and other institutions of higher education for equipment purchased. Financing agreements for ETF state that the University owns the equipment from the date of purchase.

The Statement of Net Position line “Due from the Commonwealth” includes \$2,908,725 for equipment purchased by the University that was not reimbursed by the VCBA at year-end.

B. Defeasance of Debt

In November 2014, the Virginia College Building Authority issued \$186,035,000 in Educational Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2014B. In May 2015, the Commonwealth of Virginia issued \$214,285,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2015B. The sale of these bonds enabled the University to advance refund \$4,055,000 of Series 2005A, \$495,000 of Series 2006A and \$14,845,000 of Series 2007A in Revenue bonds, and \$3,075,000 of Series 2007B and \$24,725,000 of Series 2008B of General Obligation bonds. The net proceeds of \$21,573,345 for Revenue bonds and \$33,066,626 for General Obligation bonds (after payment of underwriter’s fees and other issuance costs) were deposited in an irrevocable escrow account and will be used to pay interest, redemption premium and maturity value of the refunded bonds to their call date. This defeasance reduced total debt service payments over the next ten years by \$1,604,746 resulting in an economic gain of \$1,419,952 discounted at the rate of 2.178% for Revenue bonds. For General Obligation bonds, the defeasance reduced total debt service payments over the next ten years by \$1,831,389 resulting in an economic gain of \$1,644,332 discounted at the rate of 2.129%.

The Commonwealth of Virginia, on behalf of the University, issued bonds in previous fiscal years for which the proceeds were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service on the refunded bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the related liability for the defeased bonds are not reflected in the University’s financial statements. At June 30, 2015, \$75,025,000 of the defeased bonds was outstanding.

C. Assets Purchased Under Capital Leases

At June 30, 2015, assets purchased under capital leases were included in depreciable capital assets in the amount of \$65,196,124. The assets are net of accumulated depreciation.

NOTE 10: EXPENSES BY NATURAL CLASSIFICATIONS

The following table shows a classification of expenses both by function as listed in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position and by natural classification which is the basis for amounts shown in the Statement of Cash Flows.

	Compensation and Benefits	Goods and Services	Scholarships and Fellowships	Plant and Equipment	Depreciation	Total
Instruction	\$ 138,622,964	\$ 13,085,762	\$ -	\$ 2,956,784	\$ -	\$ 154,665,510
Research	7,132,310	3,545,130	-	5,231	-	10,682,671
Public service	189,396	546,909	-	7,144	-	743,449
Academic support	27,179,842	11,598,598	-	4,602,344	-	43,380,784
Student services	12,725,628	3,657,971	-	62,533	-	16,446,132
Institutional support	23,795,706	3,349,335	-	41,069	-	27,186,110
Operation and maintenance of plant	11,489,964	14,475,810	-	1,565,610	-	27,531,384
Depreciation expense	-	-	-	-	23,576,679	23,576,679
Scholarship and related expenses	-	-	17,779,692	-	-	17,779,692
Auxiliary activities	28,221,853	48,616,722	9,273,301	2,720,397	-	88,832,273
Total	\$ 249,357,663	\$ 98,876,237	\$ 27,052,993	\$ 11,961,112	\$ 23,576,679	\$ 410,824,684

NOTE 11: STATE APPROPRIATIONS

The University receives state appropriations from the General Fund of the Commonwealth. The Appropriation Act specifies that such unexpended appropriations shall revert, as specifically provided by the General Assembly, at the end of the biennium. For years ending at the middle of a biennium, unexpended appropriations that have not been approved for reappropriation in the next year by the Governor become part of the General Fund of the Commonwealth and are, therefore, no longer available to the University for disbursements.

The following is a summary of state appropriations received by the University, including all supplemental appropriations and reversions:

Original legislative appropriation per Chapter 665:	
Educational and general programs	\$ 108,429,498
Student financial assistance/grants	19,278,199
Supplemental adjustments:	
Supplemental appropriation reduction	(2,230,669)
Central fund transfers - compensation and benefits	2,175,013
Grants	3,851,175
The Virtual Library of Virginia (VIVA)	21,548
Adjusted appropriations	<u>\$ 131,524,764</u>

NOTE 12: COMPONENT UNIT FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The University's component units are presented in the aggregate on the face of the financial statements. Below is a condensed summary of each foundation and the corresponding footnotes. The University has three component units - Old Dominion Athletic Foundation, Old Dominion University Educational and Real Estate Foundations, and the Old Dominion University Research Foundation. These organizations are separately incorporated entities and other auditors examine the related financial statements.

	Old Dominion Athletic Foundation	Old Dominion University Educational and Real Estate Foundations	Old Dominion University Research Foundation	TOTAL
Statement of Net Position				
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 15,646,497	\$ 4,143,880	\$ 16,945,759	\$ 36,736,136
Accounts receivable, net	63,666	2,572,956	12,705,199	15,341,821
Contributions receivable, net	1,719,312	2,605,653	-	4,324,965
Travel advances	-	-	156,527	156,527
Prepaid expenses	300,407	63,883	429,085	793,375
Other assets	58,213	152,294	-	210,507
Total current assets	<u>17,788,095</u>	<u>9,538,666</u>	<u>30,236,570</u>	<u>57,563,331</u>
Noncurrent assets:				
Investments	21,376,878	186,848,719	4,204,320	212,429,917
Accounts receivable	-	49,086,265	-	49,086,265
Contributions receivable, net	3,685,105	8,337,145	-	12,022,250
Nondepreciable capital assets	-	22,052,814	54,802	22,107,616
Capital assets	100,064	2,716,933	4,289,170	7,106,167
Total noncurrent assets	<u>25,162,047</u>	<u>269,041,876</u>	<u>8,548,292</u>	<u>302,752,215</u>
Total assets	<u>42,950,142</u>	<u>278,580,542</u>	<u>38,784,862</u>	<u>360,315,546</u>
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	1,475,872	491,710	7,735,966	9,703,548
Due to affiliates	-	-	8,036,652	8,036,652
Unearned revenue	4,430	19,472	5,119,497	5,143,399
Deposits held in custody for others	-	38,754	-	38,754
Agency related payables	-	12,117,929	-	12,117,929
Line of credit	-	6,498,042	-	6,498,042
Long-term liabilities – current portion	-	2,482,352	-	2,482,352
Total current liabilities	<u>1,480,302</u>	<u>21,648,259</u>	<u>20,892,115</u>	<u>44,020,676</u>
Noncurrent liabilities	-	77,182,962	-	77,182,962
Total liabilities	<u>1,480,302</u>	<u>98,831,221</u>	<u>20,892,115</u>	<u>121,203,638</u>
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	100,064	14,702,305	4,343,972	19,146,341
Permanently restricted	15,621,018	119,009,318	-	134,630,336
Temporarily restricted	14,730,652	54,823,965	14,750,798	84,305,415
Unrestricted	11,018,106	(8,786,267)	(1,202,023)	1,029,816
Total net position	<u>\$ 41,469,840</u>	<u>\$ 179,749,321</u>	<u>\$ 17,892,747</u>	<u>\$ 239,111,908</u>

	Old Dominion Athletic Foundation	Old Dominion University Educational and Real Estate Foundations	Old Dominion University Research Foundation	TOTAL
<u>Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position</u>				
Operating revenues:				
Gifts and contributions	\$ 5,760,368	\$ 131,197	\$ -	\$ 5,891,565
Indirect cost	-	-	8,141,733	8,141,733
Sponsored research	-	-	39,912,696	39,912,696
Other operating revenues	244,490	7,089,997	2,330,765	9,665,252
Total operating revenues	<u>6,004,858</u>	<u>7,221,194</u>	<u>50,385,194</u>	<u>63,611,246</u>
Operating expenses:				
Instruction	-	2,014,041	-	2,014,041
Research	-	-	47,113,685	47,113,685
Academic support	1,687,410	4,813,425	-	6,500,835
Institutional support	1,806,027	7,455,508	6,212,895	15,474,430
Operation and maintenance of plant	-	2,080,084	-	2,080,084
Depreciation	81,302	222,661	-	303,963
Student aid	1,567,521	1,661,421	-	3,228,942
Total operating expenses	<u>5,142,260</u>	<u>18,247,140</u>	<u>53,326,580</u>	<u>76,715,980</u>
Operating gain/(loss)	<u>862,598</u>	<u>(11,025,946)</u>	<u>(2,941,386)</u>	<u>(13,104,734)</u>
Investment income	1,077,720	7,679,605	106,354	8,863,679
Disposal of plant assets	-	(4,273)	-	(4,273)
Contributions to permanent endowments	276,200	4,339,693	-	4,615,893
Increase in net position	2,216,518	989,079	(2,835,032)	370,565
Beginning net position	39,253,322	178,760,242	20,727,779	238,741,343
Ending net position	<u>\$ 41,469,840</u>	<u>\$ 179,749,321</u>	<u>\$ 17,892,747</u>	<u>\$ 239,111,908</u>

Contributions Receivable

	Old Dominion Athletic Foundation	Old Dominion University Educational and Real Estate Foundations	TOTAL
<u>Current Receivable</u>			
Receivable due in less than one year	\$ 2,021,434	\$ 3,433,856	\$ 5,455,290
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	302,122	828,203	1,130,325
Net current accounts receivable	<u>1,719,312</u>	<u>2,605,653</u>	<u>4,324,965</u>
Receivable due in greater than 1 year, net of discount (\$1,446,802)	3,842,387	11,193,164	15,035,551
Less allowance for doubtful accounts	157,282	2,856,019	3,013,301
Net noncurrent contributions receivable	<u>3,685,105</u>	<u>8,337,145</u>	<u>12,022,250</u>
Total contributions receivable	<u>\$ 5,404,417</u>	<u>\$ 10,942,798</u>	<u>\$ 16,347,215</u>

Investments

The Foundations record investments at market except for real estate held for investment, which is recorded at the lower of cost or fair market value.

Summary Schedule of Investments

	Old Dominion Athletic Foundation	Old Dominion University Educational and Real Estate Foundations	Old Dominion University Research Foundation	TOTAL
U.S. treasury and agency securities	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,553,038	\$ 3,553,038
Common & preferred stocks	149,348	5,636,931	668	5,786,947
Mutual and money market funds	12,349,282	100,806,495	650,614	113,806,391
Partnerships	8,878,248	68,287,364	-	77,165,612
Managed investments	-	12,117,929	-	12,117,929
Total	<u>\$ 21,376,878</u>	<u>\$ 186,848,719</u>	<u>\$ 4,204,320</u>	<u>\$ 212,429,917</u>

Capital Assets

	Old Dominion Athletic Foundation	Old Dominion University Educational and Real Estate Foundations	Old Dominion University Research Foundation	TOTAL
Nondepreciable capital assets:				
Land	\$ -	\$ 4,865,597	\$ 54,802	\$ 4,920,399
Construction in progress	-	17,187,217	-	17,187,217
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>-</u>	<u>22,052,814</u>	<u>54,802</u>	<u>22,107,616</u>
Depreciable capital assets:				
Buildings	-	5,099,098	1,037,290	6,136,388
Equipment	354,522	48,369	21,893,580	22,296,471
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>354,522</u>	<u>5,147,467</u>	<u>22,930,870</u>	<u>28,432,859</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	-	2,389,754	923,506	3,313,260
Equipment	254,458	40,780	17,718,194	18,013,432
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>254,458</u>	<u>2,430,534</u>	<u>18,641,700</u>	<u>21,326,692</u>
Total depreciable capital assets, net	<u>100,064</u>	<u>2,716,933</u>	<u>4,289,170</u>	<u>7,106,167</u>
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 100,064</u>	<u>\$ 24,769,747</u>	<u>\$ 4,343,972</u>	<u>\$ 29,213,783</u>

Long-Term Liabilities

Old Dominion University Educational and Real Estate Foundations

<u>Description</u>	<u>Interest Rates</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>2014</u>
Bonds payable:			
Norfolk Redevelopment and Housing Authority Revenue Bonds Series 2008	3.58%	2033	\$ 46,490,000
Norfolk Redevelopment and Housing Authority Revenue Bonds Series 2008	4.475%	2031	11,040,000
Total bonds payable			<u>57,530,000</u>
Notes payable:			
Bookstore	5.585%	2032	4,721,243
President's House	4.50%	2028	1,964,956
Total notes payable			<u>6,686,199</u>
Other long-term liabilities			<u>15,449,115</u>
Total long-term debt			<u>\$ 79,665,314</u>

Long-term debt maturities are as follows for bonds payable and notes payable:

2015	\$ 2,340,827
2016	2,444,173
2017	2,560,447
2018	2,665,195
2019	2,789,506
Thereafter	<u>51,416,051</u>
Total	<u>\$ 64,216,199</u>

Other Significant Transactions with Old Dominion University

The University has entered into various Deed of Lease Agreements with Old Dominion University Real Estate Foundation. Under the agreements as of June 30, 2015, the University will repay \$62,064,339. At the expiration of the lease terms, the Old Dominion University Real Estate Foundation shall transfer the properties to the University. As such, the University has recorded capital leases relating to these lease agreements.

Direct payments to the University from the Old Dominion University Educational and Real Estate Foundations, Old Dominion Athletic Foundation, and the Old Dominion University Research Foundation for the year ended June 30, 2015 totaled \$10,705,243; \$3,254,931; and \$8,616,482 respectively. This includes gift transfers, payments for facilities, and payments for services.

Component Unit Contingencies

The University's Athletic Development Office has and continues to solicit donations for the purpose of funding the construction of a new Basketball Practice Facility. The projected cost of the facility is \$8,400,000. As of December 31, 2014, gifts and pledges equaling approximately \$6,200,000 were recorded toward the projected goal of \$8,400,000. In order to accelerate the construction of the facility, the Foundation Board authorized funding of up to \$2,200,000 for the facility pending completion of the fundraising campaign.

Component Unit Subsequent Event

In January 2015, the Educational Foundation entered into an unsecured line of credit in the amount of \$5,000,000 for the purpose of providing back-up liquidity to the endowment pool. The line of credit is available to support cash needed for distributions to the University or to fund capital calls from limited partnerships when it is impractical or imprudent to liquidate other investments. Principal on this note matures and is payable on December 10, 2015. The interest rate is 1-month LIBOR plus 1.25% (1.42% at December 31, 2014).

On July 30, 2015, the Norfolk Redevelopment and Housing Authority issued Series 2015 \$44,835,000 Revenue and Refunding Bond (the 2015 Student Housing Bond) and Series 2015 \$10,605,000 Revenue and Refunding Bond (the 2015 Parking Garage Bond) on behalf of the Old Dominion University Real Estate Foundation. The proceeds of the bonds were used to pay off the Series 2008 Student Housing and Parking Garage bonds.

As of June 30, 2015, the Research Foundation accrued \$425,000 for a settlement agreement entered into subsequent to year end relating to pending litigation at that date.

NOTE 13: COMMITMENTS

At June 30, 2015, the University was a party to construction and other contracts totaling approximately \$79,188,031 of which \$35,982,469 has been incurred.

The University is committed under various operating leases for equipment and space. In general, the equipment leases and the space leases are for varying terms with appropriate renewal options for each type of lease. In most cases, the University expects that in the normal course of business, similar leases will replace these leases. Rental expense was approximately \$8,167,363 for the year ended June 30, 2015.

The University has, as of June 30, 2015, the following future minimum rental payments due under the above leases:

Year Ending June 30	Operating Lease Obligation
2016	\$ 6,373,031
2017	6,212,247
2018	6,143,575
2019	5,310,367
2020	3,992,406
2021-2025	15,612,598
Total	<u>\$ 43,644,224</u>

NOTE 14: RETIREMENT PLANS

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of state agencies are automatically covered by the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan or the VaLORS Retirement Plan upon employment. These plans are administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. The VRS State Employee Retirement Plan and VaLORS Retirement Plan are single employer plans treated as a cost-sharing employer plan for financial reporting purposes. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees in the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan – Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid and two different benefit structures for covered employees in the VaLORS Retirement Plan – Plan 1 and Plan 2. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table following:

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS BY PLAN STRUCTURE		
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
<p>About Plan 1 Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member’s age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.</p>	<p>About Plan 2 Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member’s age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.</p>	<p>About the Hybrid Retirement Plan The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014 are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window (see “Eligible Members”).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The defined benefit is based on a member’s age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. • The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions. • In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.

PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID PLAN
<p>Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.</p> <p>Hybrid Opt-In Election VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.</p> <p>The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.</p> <p>If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.</p> <p>Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP.</p>	<p>Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013.</p> <p>Hybrid Opt-In Election Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014.</p> <p>The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014.</p> <p>If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan.</p> <p>Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 2 or ORP.</p>	<p>Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • State employees* • Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1-April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014. <p>*Non-Eligible Members Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Members of the Virginia Law Officers' Retirement System (VaLORS). <p>Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP.</p>

PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID PLAN
<p>Retirement Contributions State employees, excluding state elected officials, and optional retirement plan participants, contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment.</p>	<p>Retirement Contributions State employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction.</p>	<p>Retirement Contributions A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages.</p>
<p>Creditable Service Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.</p>	<p>Creditable Service Same as Plan 1.</p>	<p>Creditable Service <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.</p> <p><u>Defined Contributions Component:</u> Under the defined contribution component, creditable service is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan.</p>

PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID PLAN
<p>Vesting Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund.</p> <p>Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.</p>	<p>Vesting Same as Plan 1.</p>	<p>Vesting <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of creditable service. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component.</p> <p><u>Defined Contributions Component:</u> Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan.</p> <p>Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make.</p> <p>Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • After two years, a member is 50% vested and may withdraw 50% of employer contributions. • After three years, a member is 75% vested and may withdraw 75% of employer contributions. • After four or more years, a member is 100% vested and may withdraw 100% of employer contributions. <p>Distribution is not required by law until age 70½.</p>

PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID PLAN
<p>Calculating the Benefit The Basic Benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement.</p> <p>An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basic Benefit.</p>	<p>Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1.</p>	<p>Calculating the Benefit <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> See definition under Plan 1.</p> <p><u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.</p>
<p>Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.</p>	<p>Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.</p>	<p>Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.</p>
<p>Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%.</p> <p>VaLORS: The retirement multiplier for VaLORS employees is 1.70% or 2.00%.</p>	<p>Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: Same as Plan 1 for service earned, purchased or granted prior to January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for creditable service earned, purchased or granted on or after January 1, 2013.</p> <p>VaLORS: The retirement multiplier for VaLORS employees is 2.00%.</p>	<p>Service Retirement Multiplier <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%.</p> <p>For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.</p> <p>VaLORS: Not applicable.</p> <p><u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> Not applicable.</p>

PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID PLAN
<p>Normal Retirement Age VRS: Age 65.</p> <p>VaLORS: Age 60.</p>	<p>Normal Retirement Age VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age.</p> <p>VaLORS: Same as Plan 1.</p>	<p>Normal Retirement Age <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: Same as Plan 2.</p> <p>VaLORS: Not applicable.</p> <p><u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.</p>
<p>Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or at age 50 with at least 30 years of creditable service.</p> <p>VaLORS: Age 60 with at least five years of creditable service or age 50 with at least 25 years of creditable service.</p>	<p>Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.</p> <p>VaLORS: Same as Plan 1.</p>	<p>Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: Normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or when their age and service equal 90.</p> <p>VaLORS: Not applicable.</p> <p><u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.</p>
<p>Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service or age 50 with at least 10 years of creditable service.</p> <p>VaLORS: Age 50 with at least five years of creditable service.</p>	<p>Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility VRS: Age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.</p> <p>VaLORS: Same as Plan 1.</p>	<p>Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> VRS: Age Members may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of creditable service.</p> <p>VaLORS: Not applicable.</p> <p><u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.</p>

PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID PLAN
<p>Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4%) up to a maximum COLA of 5%.</p> <p><u>Eligibility:</u> For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date.</p> <p>For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of creditable service, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date.</p> <p><u>Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:</u> The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013. • The member retires on disability. • The member retires directly from short-term or long-term disability under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP). 	<p>Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%.</p> <p><u>Eligibility:</u> Same as Plan 1.</p> <p><u>Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:</u> Same as Plan 1.</p>	<p>Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Same as Plan 2.</p> <p><u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> Not applicable.</p> <p><u>Eligibility:</u> Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.</p> <p><u>Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:</u> Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.</p>

PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID PLAN
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program. • The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins. 		
<p>Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.7% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.</p> <p>Most state employees are covered under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP), and are not eligible for disability retirement.</p> <p>VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.</p>	<p>Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased or granted.</p> <p>Most state employees are covered under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP), and are not eligible for disability retirement.</p> <p>VSDP members are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.</p>	<p>Disability Coverage State employees (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) participating in the Hybrid Retirement Plan are covered under the Virginia Sickness and Disability Program (VSDP), and are not eligible for disability retirement.</p> <p>Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VSDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work related disability benefits.</p>

PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID PLAN
<p>Purchase of Prior Service Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave or VRS refunded service as creditable service in their plan. Prior creditable service counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. When buying service, members must purchase their most recent period of service first. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay.</p>	<p>Purchase of Prior Service Same as Plan 1.</p>	<p>Purchase of Prior Service <u>Defined Benefit Component:</u> Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service. • The cost for purchasing refunded service is the higher of 4% of creditable compensation or average final compensation. • Plan members have one year from their date of hire or return from leave to purchase all but refunded prior service at approximate normal cost. After that one year period, the rate for most categories of service will change to actuarial cost. <p><u>Defined Contribution Component:</u> Not applicable.</p>

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.0% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, the 5.0% member contribution was paid by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012, state employees were required to pay the 5.0% member contribution and the employer was required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution. Each state agency’s contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015 was 12.33% of covered employee compensation for employees in the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan and 17.67% of covered employee compensation for employees in the VaLORS Retirement Plan. These rates were based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013. The actuarial rate for the VRS State Employee Retirement Plant was 15.80% and the actuarial rate for VaLORS Retirement Plan was 21.06%. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by the employee during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Based on the provisions of §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, the contributions for the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan were funded at 78.02% of the actuarial rate and the contributions for the VaLORS Retirement Plan were funded at 83.88% of the actuarial rate for the year ended June 30, 2015. Contribution from the University to the VRS State Employee Retirement plan were \$9,425,735 and \$6,608,367 for the years ended Jun 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively. Contributions from the University to the VaLORS Retirement Plan were \$286,245 and \$265,182 for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflow of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the University reported a liability of \$109,562,000 for its proportionate share of the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan Net Pension Liability and a liability of \$3,421,000 for its proportionate share of the VaLORS Retirement Plan Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2014 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The University's portion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the University's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2014 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2014, the University's portion of the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan was 1.95702% as compared to 1.88275% at June 30, 2013. At June 30, 2014, the University's portion of the VaLORS Retirement Plan was 0.50752% as compared to 0.53392% at June 30, 2013.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the University recognized pension expense of \$8,588,000 for the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan and \$256,000 for the VaLORS Retirement Plan. Since there was a change in proportionate share between June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2014, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2015, the University reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions for the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ -
Change in assumptions	-	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	19,555,000
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	3,620,000	-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>9,425,735</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 13,045,735</u>	<u>\$ 19,555,000</u>

\$9,425,735 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the University's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

<u>Year ended June 30</u>	
2016	(3,632,000)
2017	(3,632,000)
2018	(3,783,000)
2019	(4,888,000)

At June 30, 2015, the University reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions for the VaLORS Retirement Plan from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ -
Change in assumptions	-	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	354,000
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	143,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>286,245</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 286,245</u>	<u>\$ 497,000</u>

\$286,245 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the University's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

<u>Year ended June 30</u>	
2016	(144,000)
2017	(144,000)
2018	(122,000)
2019	(87,000)

Actuarial Assumptions

VRS

The total pension liability for the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5% – 5.35%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected

benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 2 years and females set back 3 years.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with females set back 1 year.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for less than 10 years of service
- Decrease in rates of male disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year.

VaLORS

The total pension liability for the VaLORS Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014.

Inflation	2.5%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.5% – 4.75%
Investment rate of return	7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 5 years and females set back 3 years.

Post-Retirement:

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with females set back 1 year.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustment to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for females under 10 years of service
- Increase in rates of disability
- Decrease service related disability rate from 60% to 50%.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 25*, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2014, NPL amounts for the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan and the VaLORS Retirement Plan are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	State Employee Retirement Plan	VaLORS Retirement Plan
Total pension liability	\$ 21,766,933	\$ 1,824,577
Plan fiduciary net position	<u>16,168,535</u>	<u>1,150,450</u>
Employer's net pension liability	<u>\$ 5,598,398</u>	<u>\$ 674,127</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	74.28%	63.05%

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirement of GASB Statement No. 67, *Financial Reporting for Pension Plans – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 25*, in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

<u>Asset Class (Strategy)</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return</u>	<u>Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return</u>
U.S. Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%
Developed Non U.S. Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	0.91%
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>		<u>5.83%</u>
	Inflation		<u>2.50%</u>
	* Expected arithmetic nominal return		<u>8.33%</u>

* Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the University for the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan and the VaLORS Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, all agencies are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the University's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the University's proportionate share of the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the University's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	<u>1.00% Decrease (6.00%)</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate (7.00%)</u>	<u>1.00% Increase (8.00%)</u>
University's proportionate share of the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan net pension liability	\$ 160,497,000	\$ 109,562,000	\$ 66,851,000

The following presents the University's proportionate share of the VaLORS Retirement Plan net pension liability using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the University's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	<u>1.00% Decrease (6.00%)</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate (7.00%)</u>	<u>1.00% Increase (8.00%)</u>
University's proportionate share of the VaLORS Retirement Plan net pension liability	\$ 4,675,000	\$ 3,421,000	\$ 2,391,000

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS State Employee Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position or the VaLORS Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2014 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). A copy of the 2014 VRS CAFR may be downloaded from the VRS website at <http://www.varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2014-annual-report.pdf> or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

Payables to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2015, the University reported a payable of \$1,078,548 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year end June 30, 2015.

NOTE 15: OTHER RETIREMENT PLANS

Full-time faculty and certain administrative staff participate in a defined contribution plan administered by two different providers rather than VRS. The two different providers are Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association – College Retirement Equities Fund (TIAA-CREF) Insurance Companies and Fidelity Investment Tax-Exempt Services Company. Plan 1 is for employees hired prior to July 1, 2010, and retirement benefits received are based upon the employer's 10.4% contributions, plus net investment gains. Plan 2 is for employees hired on or after July 1, 2010, and retirement benefits received are based upon the employer's 8.5% contribution and the employee's 5.0% contribution, plus net investment gains.

Individual contracts issued under the plans provide for full, immediate vesting of both the University's and employee's contributions. Total pension expense recognized was \$6,999,077 for the year ended June 30, 2015. Contributions to the optional retirement plans were calculated using the base salary amount \$71,308,891 for fiscal year 2015.

NOTE 16: DEFERRED COMPENSATION

State employees may participate in the Commonwealth's Deferred Compensation Plan in accordance with Internal Revenue Code section 457(b). Under this plan, the University's cash match under the Internal Revenue Code section 401(a) during fiscal year 2015 was a maximum match up to \$20 per pay period or \$40 per month. Employer contributions under this plan were approximately \$618,425 for fiscal year 2015.

NOTE 17: POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Commonwealth participates in the VRS administered statewide group life insurance program which provides post-employment life insurance benefits to eligible retired and terminated employees. The Commonwealth also provides health care credits against the monthly health insurance premiums of its retirees who have at least 15 years of State service and participate in the State's health plan. Information related to these plans is available at the statewide level in the Commonwealth's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

NOTE 18: CONTINGENCIES

Grants and Contracts

The University has received grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Claims against these resources are generally conditional upon compliance with the terms and conditions of grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditures of resources for allowable purposes. Any disallowance resulting from a federal audit may become a liability of the University.

In addition, the University is required to comply with the various federal regulations issued by the Office of Management and Budget. Failure to comply with certain system requirements of these regulations may result in questions concerning the allowability of related direct and indirect charges pursuant to such agreements. As of June 30, 2015, the University estimates that no material liabilities will result from such audits or questions.

Litigation

The University is a party to various litigations. While the final outcome cannot be determined at this time, management is of the opinion that any ultimate liability to which the University may be exposed, if any, for these legal actions will not have a material effect on the University's financial position.

NOTE 19: RISK MANAGEMENT AND EMPLOYEE HEALTH CARE PLANS

The University is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; non-performance of duty; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The University participates in insurance plans maintained by the Commonwealth of Virginia. The state employee health care and worker's compensation plans are administered by the Department of Human Resource Management and the risk management insurance plans are administered by the Department of Treasury, Division of Risk Management. Risk management insurance includes property, general liability, medical malpractice, faithful performance of duty bond, automobile, and air and watercraft plans. The University pays premiums to each of these Departments for its insurance coverage. Information relating to the Commonwealth's insurance plans is available at the statewide level in the Commonwealth's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

NOTE 20: SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On December 3, 2015, the Virginia College Building Authority (VCBA) issued bonds which the University received \$18,715,000 from Educational Facilities Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2015B. The University will use the proceeds from the series to refund certain prior VCBA Bonds issued under the Pool Bond Program.

Required Supplementary Information

Schedules of University's Share of Net Pension Liability

VRS State Employee Retirement Plan
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015*

	<u>2015</u>
University's proportion of the net pension liability	1.95702%
University's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 109,562,000
University's covered employee payroll	\$ 78,584,624
University's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	139.42%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	74.28%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 is the first year for this presentation, no other data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

* The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

VaLORS Retirement Plan
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015*

	<u>2015</u>
University's proportion of the net pension liability	0.50752%
University's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 3,421,000
University's covered employee payroll	\$ 2,183,059
University's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	156.71%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	63.05%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 is the first year for this presentation, no other data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

* The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

Schedule of University Contributions
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Plan	Contractually Required Contribution	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	University's Covered Employee Payroll	Contribution as a % of Covered Employee Payroll
State Employee	\$ 9,425,735	\$ 9,425,735	\$ -	\$ 81,922,230	11.51%
VaLORS Employee	\$ 286,245	\$ 286,245	\$ -	\$ 2,020,852	14.16%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2015 is the first year for this presentation, no other data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Changes of benefit terms – There have been no significant changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. A hybrid plan with changes to the defined benefit plan structure and a new defined contribution component were adopted in 2012. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. The liabilities presented do not reflect the hybrid plan since it covers new members joining the System after the valuation date of June 30, 2013 and the impact on the liabilities as of the measurement date of June 30, 2014 are minimal.

Changes of assumptions – The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made for the VRS - State Employee Retirement Plan effective June 30, 2013 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2012:

- Update mortality table
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for less than 10 years of service
- Decrease in rates of male disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made for the VaLORS Retirement Plan effective June 30, 2013 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2012:

- Update mortality table
- Adjustments to the rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of withdrawals for females under 10 years of service
- Increase in rates disability
- Decrease service related disability rate from 60% to 50%.

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Martha S. Mavredes, CPA
Auditor of Public Accounts

Commonwealth of Virginia

Auditor of Public Accounts

P.O. Box 1295
Richmond, Virginia 23218

June 17, 2016

The Honorable Terence R. McAuliffe
Governor of Virginia

The Honorable Robert D. Orrrock, Sr.
Chairman, Joint Legislative Audit
and Review Commission

Board of Visitors
Old Dominion University

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities and aggregate discretely presented component units of Old Dominion University, a component unit of the Commonwealth of Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the aggregate discretely presented component units of the University, which are discussed in Note 1. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the component units of the University, is based on the reports of the other auditors.

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We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the Old Dominion University Educational and Real Estate Foundations and the Old Dominion Athletic Foundation that were audited by other auditors upon whose reports we are relying were audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, but not in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business-type activities and aggregate discretely presented component units of Old Dominion University as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, the University implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68 and No. 71, related to pension accounting and financial reporting for employers. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages three through ten, the Schedule of University's Share of the Net Pension Liability on page 57, the Schedule of University Contributions on page 58,

and the Notes to Required Supplementary Information on page 59 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated June 17, 2016, on our consideration of Old Dominion University's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the University's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.


AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

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Norfolk, Virginia

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